ARCH-BISHOPS OF CATHOLIC CHURCH

Annual Meeting Began in Washington Yesterday-Cardinal Gibbons Presided.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 21.-The annual meeting of the archbishops of the Catholic Church in the United States began at the Catholic University to-day. Cardinal Gibbons presided, and the at-tendance included Archbishops Williams, of Boston; Corrigan, of New York; Elder, of Cincinnati; Ryan, of Philadelphia; ireland, of St. Paul; Kaine, of St. Louis; Katzer, of Milwaukee; Keane, of Dubuque, and Christie, of Oregon.

The meeting considered matters of interest to the welfare of the Catholic Church. The only feature of the proceed-

Church. The only feature of the proceed ings formally made public was that the meetings had adopted resolutions of la-ment at the assassination of President McKinley. These resolutions were as fol-

"Resolved. That in the name of the Catholics of the United States we lament the assassination of President McKinley. and deplore the fact that in our land of enlightenment and liberty such a crime should have been possible. "Resolved, That we invoke the benedic-

tion of Heaven on the administration of His Excellency, President Roosevelt."
The archbishops will meet again to-mor-

row morning.

After they have concluded there will be a session of the commission for the distribution of the funds for Indian and negro missions. This committee is com-posed of Cardinal Gibbons and Arch-bishops Kain and Ryan. The committee will select a successor to the late Rev. Joseph Steven, for some time the director of the Bureau of Catholic Indian Missions. The present expectation is that Kev. Father Ketcham, the assistant director of he bureau, will be chosen.

It is expected that matters affecting the

work of the Catholic Church in the new insular possessions will be a subject of some discussion at this meeting of the archbishops. It is not believed, how-ever, that it received any serious attention for the reason that the jurisdiction of affairs over the church in those posferred to the American Hierarchy. The expectation also was that the status of the Knights of Columbus, against which organization Bishop Jamen, of Illinois, issued an interdiction because it was a secret society, would be considered but Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, is aureceive the attention of the meeting.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRE. Latest Nava from All Parts of the Known

World.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.—Senator Swell, of New Jersey, who has been in Asheville for the past two menths, is not improving as much as hoped for. He left last night for a sanitarium at Winyah, where he will receive treatment.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA .- A head-on col lision between freight trains occurred at Highes Siding, seven miles from here, to-day, resulting in the death of Engineer T. A. Cogbill, Conductor John Richeberry, and a colored fireman named John Thompson. Engineer Michael Eventry. rin, Conductor R. Shanlon, and two colored brekemen were seriously injured.

BERLIN-The Colonial Council in session this morning, decided that while the emancipation of the children of slaves might be practicable in Togoland and the Camero as, the time had not ar-rive. It declare them free in German East Mrica.

BIRMINDHAM, ALA.-The North Alabama Good Roads Association was cr-gamzed here to-day as the result of the visit of the good roads train which was sent out or washington several weeks

BUDAPEST .- There was an exciting incident in the lower House of the Diet this morning. A cashiered officer of the army sundenly arose in the gallery, commenced shricking "traitors" and bombarded the House with hundreds of pamphlets. The man was arrested and explained that he took this means of airing his gricvances.

BOSTON, MASS. - Hon. Patrick Collins Municipal Convertion to-nigent. Salem D. Charles was nominated for street commissioner, and the selection of school beard candidates was delegated to a com-

CHARDOTTE, N. C .- The Southera Furniture Manufacturers' Association, which was organized in Chattanooga a month ago, held its first meeting here to day. The meeting was secret.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.-The postoffice inspector here was notified of the our-glary of the postofice at Jonesville, S. C., last night. The safe was blown open and considerable money and stamps stolen.

DALLAS, TEXAS.-The Fort Worth brewery, at Austin. Texas, pleaded guilty to the charge of violating the anti-trust law and was fined \$5,500. The other ac-cused brewerles will do the same, but will be fined in proportion to their accrued penalties.

DUBLIN.-The election to-day in the arliamentary contest in Galway between Colonel Arthur Lynch (who fought as a colonel in the Boer army) and Horace Plunkett, Unionists, resulted in a victory for the former by the following figures: Lynch, 1,267; Plunkett, 473.

FORT WORTH, TEX.-The National Convention of the .V. C. T. U. ended its regular session this afternoon with the adoption of a sensational deliverance on the attitude of the reform forces in New Yory City, in respect to the rartial open saloon on bunday.

FRANKFORT, IND .- Fire broke out at midnight in a business block at the west side of the public square, and at 1 o'clock the principal business section of the city

is threatened with destruction. FORT WORTH, TEXAS.-The delegates

to the W. C. T. U. Convention have, in large part, left for their homes, bearing with them feelings of appreciation of the hospitality of the great Southwest. Portland, Maine, was endorsed for the place of the next animal meeting. The vote was not decisive, however, as the place will be hereafter societed by the Execu-tive Committee and then announced.

GUTHERIE, O. T.-Notwithstanding the announcement of United States Attorney Horace Speed that he will have cancelled the homestead entry of every man who makes an attempt to eject a colored homesteader from his claim, com plaints of such action against colored men are filed daily with the United States marshal, asking protection for negroes who drew claims in the recent govern-ment land lottery. More than one hunfired colored homesteaders have been driven out of that country.

eighty-four. sone had lived here for many eighty-four. son.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA .- A sale has een made of 20,000 acres of coal lands in Wayne county to a Pittsburg syndicate, which, it is said, will oppose the present coal trust. This makes a new line of railroad from East Lynn to Huntington a probability.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA.—The British steamer Ethelred, from West Indian ports, grounded this evening while loading fruit for New York. She is now on the rocks where the steamer Schleswig

KNOXVILLE, TENN .- A special from Coal Creek says 100 miners, employed by the Knoxville and Croes Mountain Coal Mines, went on a strike to-day. They claim that some of their number were discharged because they joined the union.

LEWISTON, MAINE.-The National Grange to-day adopted resolutions, urging Congress to put a tax of ten cents a pound on oleomargarine and all substitutes for dairy butter, and in favor of a universal peace congress in connection with ...e Exposition at Charleston.

LONDON .- The Appeal Court to-day issued a decision sustaining that of the lower court in holding that the late W. L. Winans, formerly of Baltimore, Md., was domiciled in England, and that the Crown, therefore, is entitled to legacy duty.

LONDON .- A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated from Pretoria to-day, says: Lieutenant-Colonel Brander's column has rounded up Beyers' and Badenhorst's Boer commands, thirty miles northwest of Pretoria. The troops killed three men, wounded three and captured fifty-four, including two field cornets. The column also captured much stock and munitions

LONDON.-The action of an Anglo American syndicate in applying to the London County Council for a 999-years lease of a site on the north side of the Strand for the erection of an office building on American lines, to cost £2,000,000, has caused much comment and interest, and is discussed from various points of

LONDON .- A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, Nov. 1st, says Commandant Buys has been captured, af-ter attacking a patrol, of one hundred railroad pioneers, on the Vaal River, near Villiersdorp.

LONDON .- A steamer, which is probably the Domingo de Larrinaga (British). Captain Hudson, from Savannah October 28th, via Newport News October 31st, for Bremen, is ashore at Nieuwe Diep. The weather is boisterous. Assistance is attending her.

LONDON.-The Pretoria correspondent of the Standard remarks as "a significant proof of the closing cleavage in the Boer ranks and a hopeful sign," the fact that an increasing number of ex-Burghers are joining the British dorces in the field. He says that several such corps are now doing excellent work

MEMPHIS, TENN .- The Bank of Troy, at Troy, Tenn., was robbed by burglars early to-day. Citizens were aroused and attacked the robbers, who fled.

MEXICO CITY.-Jose del Collado, manager of the National Bank of Mexico. died in this city to-day, aged 71 years. He was a native of Spain, and was long identified with philanthropic work in this

MONTGOMERY, ALA.-Governor Jelks to-day issued a proclamation announcing the ratification of the new Constitution and declaring that the new instrument shall become effective Thanksgiving Day, November 28th.

MOBLE, ALA.-Eleven people were injured in a collision last night between an accommodation and freight train near Chunchula, on the Mobile and Oh.o Road, negro fireman is believed to be fatally urt. There were four cars of stock attached to the freight train, and most of it was killed.

NEW YORK .- The court martial of Colonel R. E. Meade was resumed at the navy yard to-day. Major Charles H. Lauchheimer, of the marine corps, stated positively that Colonel Meade was on one occasion under the influence of liquor and unfit for duty.

NEW YORK.-There was quiet to-night at the Mott Haven yards of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railways, where the switchmen's strike is in progress. The strikers made no additions to their force, neither did they receive any word from the company, or has at last extracted a semi-official ex-

NEW ORLEANS.-The charter of the New Orleans and Mississippi Midland Railway was filed here to-day. It is in-Railway was filed here to-day. It is in-tended to cross Lake Pontichartrain and traverse the Ozone and Pine Belts to Pon-words were not intended to insult or ofotor a distance of 340 miles.

NEW YORK.—The grand jury to-day returned an indictment against Police Captain James Gannon, charging him with neglect of duty.

NEW LORK.—nev. Frederick Burgess, of Grace Church, Brooklyn, was to-day elected bishop of Long Island Dis-

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.-The police of Hoboken, N. J., are investigating to-day the mystery of the death of five-year-old Emeline Dale, who died yesterday of strychnine poisoning in Hoboken. The child was the daughter of Harvey S. Dale, manager of a life insurance agency in Chicago. Mrs. Dale was arrested tonight on a charge of murder.

NEW YORK .- Dr. Charles F. MacDonald was to-day awarded \$25,000 a year by Justice Clark in the Supreme Court, for the proper maintenance and care of Mrs Ida M. Flagler, who has for a considerable period been a patient in the doctor's sanitarium. He was also allowed \$5,000 for his services as committee of Mrs.

NEW YORK .- The United States battleship Massachusetts left port to-day bound for Chesapeake Bay. Thence she will go to Charleston, after which she will proceed on the regular winter cruise in Cuban and Central American

PINE BLUFF, ARK .- Near Goldman, 80 miles north of Pine Bluff, a Cotton Belt fast freight suffered a disastrous wreck to-day. Sixteen loaded cars were demolished. Conductor Walter Noble, of Jonesboro, was killed and a brakeman, fireman and engineer were seriously and probably fatally injured.

PUEBLO, COLO.—Cresceus failed to lower his record to-day on Pueblo's half-mile track. Paced by his running mate, he made the mile in 2:10 3-4,

SAN JUAN, P. R.-Santiago Iglesias, the representative of the American Federation of Labor, who was arrested here about a fortnight ago on the charge of conspiracy, has been released on \$500 bail. The bail was furnished by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federa-tion of Labor. Iglesias will be tried December 10th.

have been swept by the recent gales, nor bulwarks battered and other damages sustained. She is having repairs made and the fire is being extinguished.

SEATTLE, WASH .- The jury in the case of John C. Consadine, accused of the murder of former, Chief of Police mereunn, has returned quittai.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. .- ine German cruiser Vinta sailed to-day for Newport News, where she will be docked.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL.-In the Federal Court Judge Humphrey to-day denied the application of the city of Chicago to become a party to the injunction pro-ceedings against the State Board of Foundization. Equalization.

ST. PAUL, MINN .- Letters were sent out this afternoon from the Governor of South Dakota, and addressed to the Governors of North Dakota, Nebraska mesota, Montana, Oregon, and Wash-ington, urging co-operation in opposition to the Northern Securities Company and asking suggestions.

ST. LOUIS .- Captain John Lawson, who built the first locomotive engine in England and who was the oldest engineer in the United States, is dead here.

WASHINGTON, D. C .- The Navy Department has received a telegram an-nouncing the arrival of the cruiser Buffalo at San Juan. Considerable anxiety had been felt over the safety of this yes sel, owing to the report that she had been wrecked.

WASHINGTON.—The Navy Depart-ment is informed that the monitor Flor-ida, building at the shipyard of Lewis Nixon, at Elizabethport, N. J., will be launched on the 27th instant, instead ot a month later, as was originally intended. Mrs. Nixon, wife of the contractor, will christen the vessel.

WASHINGTON.-The battleship Illinois left Newport News yesterday for New Orleans, where the Navy Department has sent her to test the large floating dry-dock at the New Orleans naval station.

WASHINGTON, D. C .- It is officially announced at the White House that Clay-ton McMichael will be appointed post-master at Philadelphia upon the expira-tion of the term of the present incumbent, M. Hicks.

WASHINGTON.—General Adelbert L. Buffington, chief of the Bureau of Ord-nance, will retire to-morrow, having reached the age limit.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—At the session of the United Textile-Workers of America to-day the convention completed the new constitution by which the different organizations of textile workers, which have been united, are to be governed hereafter.

WASHINGTON, D. C.-A notable assemblage of Ligh Catholic prelates attended the annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Catholic University to-

VIENNA.—Rumors from Warsaw say that twenty Jesuits have been killed at Olviopol in anti-Semite disturbances.

Mr. Conger Frotests.

(By Associated Press.) (By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Nov. 21.—"Mr. Conger,
United States minister in Pekin, has
protested against a concession which the
Canton Viceroy has granted to a French
company for an electric rallway from
Canton to Wu Chau," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Times, "on the ground that it violates Wu Ting Fang's contracts with the American syndicate which has the concession for the Can-ton-Harkow line.

"The French minister is pressing China to ratify the concession, arguing that the American contract has been forfeited by the sale of a controlling share of the original stock to the Belgians."

No Prospect of Settlement.

. (By Associated Press.) SCIFIA, Nov. 21.—Mr. Dickinson, the liplomatic agent here of the United Stat s, will leave Friday or Saturday of this week for Constantinople. There is obviously no prespect of a settlement with Miss Stone's abductors. The departure of Mr. Dickinson will

probably have a good effect upon the brigands who have Miss Stone in their possession, as they may fear to lose everything by not accepting Mr. Dickinson's proposal.

Thinks it Serious.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON.—Nov. 21.—The fact that the unti-Chamberlain agitation in Germany get a reply to their request for a sym-pathetic strike. They repeated their in-tention of not giving is.

pression of approval from the North Ger-man Gazette has had the effect of con-vincing the British press that the situation is becoming serious. Heretofore there had been a disposition to disregard and belittle the influence of the agitat-

Co'onel John W. Jones Dend.

fend Germany.

(By Associated Press.) BOISE, IDAHO, Nov. 21.—Colonel John W. Jones, who went out to the Philip-pines in command of the first Idaho Vol-unteers, died to-day at his home in Blackfoot, aged 62. He was a native of Virginia, and served in the Confederate Army, rising to the rank of colonel.

Passing a Worthles check.

R. L. Davis, a middle aged white man, was arrested last night by Officer Hulcher upon a warrant sworn out by Parrish Brothers, charging him with passing a worthless check upon them. It is alleged that Davis bought a \$4 pair of shoes and that Davis obtgit a sa pair of shoes and tendered a \$10 check for payment, being given \$6 in change. The firm deposited the check in bank and on yesterday were notified that it was worthless

Will Become Banker.

(Br Associated Press.)
MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 21.—The Advertiser will say to-morrow that D. E. Jack, freight traffic manager of the Plant System, with neadquarters in Savannah, Ga., will in the near future leave the Plant System to take charge of a banking-house in Augusta, Ga., and that he will probably be succeeded by General Freight Agent menzies.
Mr. Jack has been at the head of the freight department of the Plant System

brove the Negro Out.

The Methodist preacher who offered the resolution commending the President for inviting Washington to dine with him is the same who drove an educated negro out of one of his houses in Bryn Mawr.— Charlestor News and Courier. An Essy Famine to Bear.

There are famines in various parts of

the world, but ours—the car famine—is one that can be less deplored than those in countries in which there is no wheat to put into cars.-Indianapolis Journal.

Value of Aunicipal Beauty.

Some day it will dawn upon the leading men in the cities of the United States that nunicipal beauty is worth more in drawing trade and visitors than any of the devices that are now expected to do this service. Some day boards of educa-HILLSBORO, O.—Mrs. Sarah Buckingham Beecher, widow of Kev. George
Beecher, who was a brother of Henry
Ward Beecher, is dead at the age of

OUR TROOPS IN GOOD CONDITION

The Virginia Companies Equipped Like the Regulars-Mili-

tary Notes.

The report of Assistant-Inspector-Generai Jo. Lane Stern, of the State militia, to the Adjutant-General, which was for-warded some time ago, shows the troops of the State to be in first-class condition in every respect. The troops are now better equipped than they were ever known to be. They have every equipment that the regulars are provided with, Some of the companies have not over-oats, but they will be issued to them hortly, as application has been made for them.

The troops of Virginia are equipped as well as any troops in the country. The State is now receiving \$20,000 a year from the National Government, and with the State's appropriation the present condi-tions can be maintained.

It was rumored last night that a pri-vate of Company B would be court-mar-tialed for missing drills and for leaving the ranks without permission. The sam young man was threatened severa months ago with a court-martial.

The five companies, A. B. C. H and F. of this city, and the staff, field staff and band of the Seventieth Regiment will be inspected in their full dress gray uniforms to-night by Colonel Anderson. The Social Association of Company F

will give a ball at the armory on Thanks. giving night. The dancing will begin at 8:30 o'clock. The association, which is composed only of the members of the company, was organized several weeks ago, and will give a series of winter en-tertainments for the benefit of the assoclation. The Entertainment consists of R. E. Eddins, E. P. Weber and

Target practice will be resumed for the shoot for the Hardy challenge cup at Cnimborazo Park on Saturday afternoon

The court-martial at Roanoke, which was set for yesterday, has been post-poned until the 3d of December.

The second of the winter full-dress drills and inspections of the Blues' Battallon was held at their armory on Wednesday night. Major Sol. Cutchins was in com-mand of the battallon and Captains Spencer and Cheatwood of their respective companies. After the inspection members tendered their friends a which was more than enjoyed. The Blues Band furnished the music for the occa

A of the Blues, will leave to-morrow for New York to accept a lucrative position. He entertained a number of the members at Rueger's on Wednesday night.

Company . H. of the Seventieth Regiment, held its regular weekly meeting last night. Company A meets to-night, and will adjourn early to attend the inspection.

First Sergeant Joseph C. Farrar, of Company M, has been promoted to second lieutenant of his company.

M'KINLEY MEMORIAL.

Any Surplus Will Be Dedicated to Monument at Washington

(By Associated Press.)
CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 21.—The Executive Committee of the McKinley National Monument Association, after a lengthy session at the office of Senator Hanna today, issued a statement saying:

"The expression of sentiment from every quarter of the country indicates that the cople desire to make the erection of a monument at the home of President Mc-Kinley their first duty, as it is well known that he often expressed to his family and friends his desire to be buried at Canton. where already repose the remains of his children and where his beloved wife will rest when she has departed this life. Should more funds be subscribed than are necessary for the purpose of erecting a memorial compatible with the dignity of the late President's life and character, any surplus will be dedicated to a national monument at Washington."

ENGINEER PINTOWISKI,

He Has Charge of Surveys of Mexican Railroad.

(By Associated Press.)
MEXICO CITY, Nov. 21.—J. M. Neeland, general manager of the Pan-Americah Railway, which recently secured a concession for a railroad from a point on the Tehuantepec National Railway to the Guatemalan border, where it will make connection with a railway in that country, has arrived here, and says that his company is ready to begin work immedi-ately. Two forces have been employed, who will begin surveys of the line from either end, under the supervision of Engl-

neer Pintowiski.

The main line has been completed to Guatemala within thirty months. The Pan-American road is subsidized, and its onstruction will be the means of op The road will be of great value as a military line, and Mexico's final link in a chain of roads making up her contribu-Railway.

Vein of Lead Struck.

(Br 'sociated, Press.)

KNOXVILLE, TENN., Nov. 21.—Near Friendville, Tenn., on the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern Railroad. Captain T. M. Crawford. an Ohio prospector, has incovered a vein of lead ore twenty-two feet in thickness and of an undetermined depth. The vein has been traced along the side of a mountain for half a mile and is only six inches below the surface

SURE THEY CAN WIN.

President Sarry He Can't Root for Harvard Tcam.

(By Associated Press.) CAMBRIDGE, MASS., Nov. 21.—President Roosevelt, who two years ago led the cheering for Harvard at the game with Yale, in reply to an invitation from the Harvard management to attend Sat. urday's game, to-night sent the follow-ing telegram:

"I regret more than I can say that it is utterly impossible for me to come. Will you please give my good wishes to the team and say that I am sure they can win, and that I count upon their playing without a let-up from the first to the last."

STREETS PICKETED.

N. Y., N. H. & H. is, However, Running Some Trains.

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—There was quiet at the yards of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, at Mott Haven, to-night. No attempt was made to do much work in the yard, but the Cannon Ball freight express, which was made up

during the day, left on schedule time. "We are using business all right and we will receive no more delegations to-night," said Superintendent Wardrop. "I have all the men I want. In ract. I clin

get more men than I can take care of."
In addition to the sixty-five men who arrived this afternoon to take the places of strikers, one hundred more arrived tonight. Several of the pickets put out by the strikers attempted to talk to the men, but were prevented by the police. The commany expects another batch of men from Boston early in the morning

To-night was the first time that the strikers had the streets in the vicinity of the yards systematically picketed. Men were placed on every corner, but none of those who took the places of the strikers ventured out on the streets.

Dr. K rr Elaborates.

Editor of The Times:

Sir,-Your editorial in answer to my article on the Bible in the public schools extremely courteous, but I do not think it is convincing. Indeed, I believe you really would like to have morals taught in the schools only you do not know just how it can be done without using the Bible. Neither do I, nor any one else. You do not seem to feel solid ground under your feet, and so you go off on an-other question, and argue against a union of church and State, because there you are safe, and certain of the right of your contention. I am utterly opposed to any union of church and State. Nor can you write an argument against a union church and State too strong for me to endorse. But the question is not as to a union of church and State; it is as to disunion of the moral and intellectual in education. I contend that they cannot be separated without great loss to the pupils, and I insist that there is a distinction between teaching religion, as re-ligion is commonly understood, and teach-

ing morals.

Religion means more than certain moral precepts.

As usually understood religion means some particular kind of creed, polity or worship, as for example the Christian religion, the Jewish religion. Your contention is that morals cannot be taught without teaching some particular form of religion. I contend that they can. Suppose I should make up a volume composed of the best moral precepts of Buddha, Zoraster, Confucius, Mohammed, Socrates and Marcus Aurelius; it certaily would not be a religion, but it would be a code of morals; and with care an excellent code could be framed from the writings of these men. It would be better that a book of this kind should be used in our schools than not to have morals taught at all. We could get from these men at least this much—that there is a God; that he made the world and that we must fear and love him and lead virtueus and unselfish lives. Certainly one would need to select passages with great care and leave out much that is erroneous. Of course such a plan is absurd because have a book called the Bible which is all good and true, and that is the only book to use in teaching morals. I contend that the Bible is not a sectarian book, as con-sidered with reference to Christian de-nominations. They all believe it all. As to the Jews, the New Testament would be

sectarian to them, and their children nee not study it. It ought not to be compulsory in any event.

Because I spoke of selecting certain pas because I spoke of selecting certain passages from the Bible to be memorized by the children, you were pleased it your editorial to say that Dr. Kerr proposed to have "an expurgated Bible." I do not admit this. In order to avoid the possibility of any sectarian teaching I proposed that the Bible be simply memorized by the pupils, and because it was too hig for any one child or adult to memorize. any one child or adult to memorize it all, I suggested that a selection be made most suitable parts for children to learn by heart, instancing the Ten Commandments, the twenty-third and the ninetieth Psalms, &c. Nor do I propose these passages be printed in a book to themselves, but left in the Bible they are, and simply underlined that they may be recognized wherever they occur. To this you object that it would be a mere "perfunctory learning of the Scriptures," and go on to say that these passages,

without explanation would be "as so much Greek or Hebrew." I deny this. Certainly, if a child learns "In the begin Certainly, it a child learns "In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth;" "The Lord is my Shepherd;" "Honor thy father and thy mother;" "Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord, thy God, in vain;" "Thou shalt not steal, kill, covet or bear false witness;" "Remember now thy Creator in the days of thy youth" it re!! yearth is " ness: "Remember now thy Creator in the days of thy youth," it will not be "as unintelligible to him as Greek or Hebrew." He will undertand it. This is my very point. Select such passages as are suitable for the purpose in view, and teach the children what they can understand, and by far the greater part of the stand, and by far the greater part of the Pible is understandable to a child. It is

a book written for young and old-for un-lettered and for learned.
You say that "If confined strictly withto say that 'it commed strictly within these limits we do not know that it
would do any harm, but would it do any
good?" Of course it would do good; how
could it help doing good to teach a child
the great private the the great principles and precepts of mor-ality? It would do a vast amount of

Government may indeed be secular, but it must be moral, nor can it be perma-nently maintained without morality, and no people can be successfully governed without the fear of God. The French Revolutionists tried this, and failed, and one of their leaders said. "We cannot govern France without God. If there be no God, we must invent one," And this was true. Our government recognizes

this,

In all our courts, when a man is sworn, what must he do? He must promise to "tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help me God." And then what? He is handed a Bible by the Court, and required to kiss it! Look at our Legislatures, Congress, and our Constitutional, Conventional transfer. our Constitutional Convention; they our Constitutional Convention; they all send for ministers to open their meetings with prayer; they recognize God. If a man must swear in the name of God in court, why not teach him in school who God is, and what is God's school who God is, and what is God's law? Do not our courts all issue licenses to ministers of the Gospel to marry couples, and are not our laws based largely on the law of God as revealed in the Scriptures?

A large and increasing number of thoughtful people in the United States

are not satisfied with the results of our public education from the primary school to the University, mainly because the education is of the head, and not of the heart. The Southern Presbyterian General Assembly has deliberately undertaken to establish, all over the South primary schools in which the Bible is a text-book, and only because the public schools do not teach the ability. schools do not teach the children word of God.

word of God.

The teachers in our public schools and Universities are, as a rule, among the best of each community. Our public school and university teachers are genschool and university teachers are generally above criticism, and of splendid character. Yet multitudes of our best people are not satisfied with the results of the system. So they have organized hundreds of primary schools, academies, and colleges for the express purpose of having morals taught their children. This movement is making great progress. There are far more students in denominational colleges than in State universities, and denominational academies sities, and denominational academie sities, and denominational academies and primary schools are increasing rapidly all the time. This is largely because parents wish morals made a part of the education of the young, and so they are willing to nay their public school taxes, and al schools, where tuition must be paid. Now I do know that in countries I am familiar with and they are Protestant countries, where the Bible is taught in the public schools, there are hardly any

separation between the children of the well-to-do and those of the poor. Where the Bible is not in the public schools, many of those who are able to send their children to pay schools do so, and the enormous increase of denominational and private schools in the United States. and private schools in the United States and the consequent separation of the rich and poor, is a matter calling for earnest consideration. The effect of our present system is to separate the classes from the masses, and to have the majority of the wealthier class ignorant of the ity of the wealthier class ignorant of the poorer class. If they had grown up together in the same schools, they would know each other, understand each other, and in after years there would be less denger of conflict between them. If the Bible were taught in the public schools, there would be few or none of the denominational schools. There would be some private "select schools," as they are called, which would be kept up by those who wished their children segregated, but who wished their children segregated,

the great mass of all children would go to the public schools.

As to our excellent fellow-citizens, the Jews, who, it is said, might object to their children being taught the New Testheir children being taught the New Tes-tament. This they might very naturally do, and it would be their right, but the great majority of our people are Gentiles, and they wish their children taught morand they wish their children taught mor-als from the Bible, with no intention of requiring the children of Jews cy any other persons whatsoever being com-pelled to receive such teaching. Surely the Jews could not object. It would not be reasonable for them to object to the great mass of other people having their children taught the Bible, just because they, the Jews, do not wish their child-ren taught the Bible, when it is not to be compulsory on any.

they, the Jews, do not wish their children taught the Bible, when it is not to be compulser on any.

Mr. Editor, we agree that education is not complete without the Bible — we differ only as to the question of its being taught in the public schools. You say the parents and the church ought to do it. I reply, so they ought, but they don't, and we are not going to do it in a wholesale way. There are many parents who do, but millions who do not. The church does teach its children, but there, are millions of children whose parents are not church people, and who do not send their children to Sunday-school. We are not confronted with a theory, but by a fact, and the fact is that there are millions of children who get no moral training, and are not going to get it unless it is provided in the public schools. What are we going to do about it? In Cleveland, Ohio, the Bible has been recently put into the public schools.

It ought to be done in some such way as I suggest, everywhere.

I am not asking that the State do the church's work for it; that the State teach the children of the church, but I am arguing for the welfare of the children who are not children of the church. The church does teach its children. I am pleading for the multitudes of children who grow up without church connection or

church does teach its children. I am pleasing for the multitudes of children who grow up without church connection or training, and my contention is that the State is not safe and society is not safe. unless the masses are taught to fear God and keep His commandments. I do not expect to see this thing accomplished at once, but I do believe it will come. My fear is that it may not come until the nation has learned by sad experiences the unwisdom of trying to educate the head without the heart, the intellect without the conscience.

ROBERT P. KERR. Richmond, Va., Nov. 18th.

SEMPLE ON STAND.

Makes General Benial of Charges Preferred Against Him.

PHILADELIPHIA, PA., Nov. 2L—Law-yer John L. Semple, of Camden, N. J., who is on trial in the United States Dis-trict Court in this city, charged with aid-ing and abetting counterfeiters in the masting of spurious twenty going roots. (Ry Associated Press.) ing and abetting counterteters in the making of spurious twenty donar notes, while the latter were imprisoned in the State prison, went on the witness stand and occupied most of the time of the two sessions of court. He made a general denial of the charges against him, saying that he had been engaged as counsel for Arthur Taylor and Baidwin S. Predell, the convicted counterfeiters. S. Bredell, the convicted counterfeiters, in a regular manner.

At the suggestion of Arthur Taylor, he aid, he had made an effort to learn the best methods of securing a mitigation of the sentence of the counterfeiters. He said he had visited William Brockway, in the New Jersey State prison, at the suggestion of Taylor and Bredell, and learned from him that the Government allowed him to go free upon his surrender of the famous counterfeit bond plates. Taylor, Mr. Semple said, had told him that he and Bredell possessed \$10 counterfeit plates and were anxious to know if by delivering them to the Government leniency would be shown by the

judge in sentencing them.

Mr. Semple said he immediately informed the district attorney of what he had learned, and he (Semple) suggested to the prisoners that they give up the

plates, which they did. STRIKERS MOBILIZING.

Two Companies of Militia Are on Hand to Preserve Order.

(By Associated Press.) NASHVILLE, TENN., Nov. 21 .- A staff correspondent of the American, wiring from Earlington, Ky., says:

In the coal mine regions to-night the stories are conflicting. All of the strik-ing miners in the district have been ordered by Presdent James D. Wood, of the district, to report at the Nortensville camp at once. This order was issued especially and rumers sent to the vari-ous quarters of the district, where the

men assemble.
The strikers are to-night mobilizing. coming in squads from all sections. The Madisonville men started out this ifternoon and are to-night traveling over the country to Nortonsville. Most them carry their arms.

Men have been straggling in all day.

In the case of resistance on the quar In the case of resistance on the quarters of the miners, General Murray has two companies of militia on hand. It is probable that Battery A, of Louisville, and other troops will be called. If the coal operators are called upon they can

furnish 300 or 400 good tried men.

This afternoon General Murray and
Judge Hall held a long conference, at which they discussed plans. President Wood, at Central City, talked over the telephone to-night with a correspondent at Madisonville. He said he had been in conference with officials of the United Mine-Workers to-day concerning a line of policy and that a decision would be reached to-morrow.

SALT FAMINE.

This is Threatened by Lack of Cars on Southern Roads. (By Associated Press.)

KNOXVILLE, TENN., Nov. 21.—The ournal and Tribune to-morrow will say: "The prevailing car famine on all Southern railroads threatens a salt famine. Local jobbers, anticipating heavy demands, have had orders at the mines since early in October, but as yet none have been filled. Saltville, Va., an important Southern point of supply, is on the Norfolk and Western Railroad, which finds itself unable to supply cars to the mines in sufficient number to remove the output. A committee from the National Salt Company has been sent to New York to wait on President Henry Fink, of the Norfolk and Western, to urge him to furnish cars even at the expense of other countries, where the Bible is taught in the public schools, there are hardly any denominational schools. One great advantage in this is that then there is no

WAS UNLUCKY, BUT PLEASANT

Thirteenth Annual Banquet of Randolph Society a Delight-

ful Affair. The thirteenth annual banquet of the Randolph Literary Society was held last night in the banquet room of Murphy's Hotel. The menu was an elaborate one, and the menu cards were models of taste, containing between the covers of its parchment leaves a striking picture of the namesake of the society, the unique John Randolph, of Roanoke. But as is always the case on the festive reunions of this organization, the feature of the occasion was the responses to the toasts, which were all of the true, post-prandial

variety. Mr. M. A. Powers in responding to the toast of "The Constitutional Convention," paid elaborate tributes to the high character of the members of this body, seasoned with well-timed anecdotes, which were liberally applauded. The climax of enthusiasm was awakened by his references to Mr. James W. Gordon, one of the old "Randolph" members, who has a seat in this august assemblage, and to Major A. S. Lanler, a prominent aspirant to a like honor and also a "Randolphica." The motto attached to this toast was both prophetic and calculated to inspire awe:

The combat deepens; on, yet brave,

Who rush to glory, or the grave."

Mr. Lane Lacy in treating the subject of "Bluff vs. Merit" espoused the cause of bluff as a successful element in the progress of the world with apt filustra-tions of an historic and practical charac-

Mr. J. Kent Rawley, who was to respond to 'the American Lawyer," was unavoidably absent, but bis place was well taken by Mr. John & Coke, whose address, though spontaneous, was well delivered and appropriate to the occa-Mr. Lewis C. Williams handled "Out

City Fathers" in a very gentle manner, dipping, during the course of his remarks, somewhat into the science of government and laying stress upon "honesty, economy and publicity" as the means by which the most desirable results are to be ac-

the most desirable results are to be accomplished in city government.

With humorous descriptions of heroes false and true, Mr. James C. Taylor led up to his subject of "Modern Heroes," which was treated in an eloquent maner, abounding in lofty sentiments.

"Matrimony" was the sentiment assigned to Hon. E. C. Folkes, who, though incoming at first soon became ardent in signed to non. E. Folkers and ardent in jocular at first, soon became ardent in his tribute to the indissoluble union, and proved that his experience as a benedict had not dimmed, but rather heightened the received and appreciation of this his reverence and appreciation of this

holy state.

have been expected from Mr. W. Mao Jones was not lacking, and his puns upon the numes of old members of the se-clety, who have risen to distinction, created much anusement. His address was well described by himself when he said: "I talk a little at rondom, you see-around in bunches and clusters and knots."

The wit and sprightliness that was to

Among those who were called on, though not on the regular programme, were Messrs, Eggleston, Davis, Allen and Campbell, all of whom acquitted themselves admirably.

Mr. Jno. Gibson, Jr., presided as toast-master, and sustained his well known reputation for wit and repartee. The whole occasion was a most enjoyable one, etc. BISHOPS ON MISSIONS.

Mass-Meeting Held Last Night at St. Paul's Well Attended. Bishop Kinsolving, of Brazil, and bishop Graves, of China, spoke last night at St. Paul's Church of the mission work

in their respective fields before a good congregation, which gave them the closest attention.

These eminent divines made thier addresses brief, but crowded into them a graphic portrayal of their work in these foreign fields and the methods employed to teach Christianity to these people. Bishop Graves told of his work; how

the Chinese were first instructed in other matters by the missionaries, and once gotten in this way to have confidence in them were by degrees, and step by step gotten into the church. Both addresses were scholarly and interested the con-The service was made especially at-

tractive by the presence of the full choir, which sang sweetly several hymns. Dr. Strange briefly spoke of the importance of the work, and referred to the famili-arity of the men who spoke on the sub-jects upon which they were to speak. The large number present was most

encouraging, and proved an interest in foreign mission work in the Episcopal churches of the city. $M_{\text{ainly}}A_{\text{bout}}P_{\text{eople}}$

Lodge of Strict Observance, No. 207, A. F. and A. M., held an interesting meeting last night. There was work in

the first degree.
Libertas Lodge, No. 5, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasoury, at its regular meeting Wednesday night, reseived several new members and a number of petitions were presented.

Mr. Cuthbert is Here. Mr. "Max" Cuthbert, a former well

known Richmond newspaper man, now of Washington, is here visiting friends. Mr. Cuthbert, who has been indisposed for several months, is now well. He has re-ceived a most cordial welcome from scores of his old friends. Revolution Crushed.

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Gonzales Este-ves, consul-general of Venzuela at New York received the collowing cablegram to-day from Torres Cardenas, general secretary of the Republic: The revolution headed by General Ma-

tos, which was ready to break out, has been crushed and its leaders are now in jail. Country enjoys peace."
The cablegram was sent from Caracas.

No Confirmation. (By Associated Press.) LONDON, Nov. 21.-There is no con-

firmation of the report circulated by a news agency in the United States of the death of Count Toistol. A letter to The Times from Odessa, dated October 30th, related that he had quite recovered from his illness and re-

sumed work.

Jenkins Wor atch.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, LA., Nov. 21.—The championship wrestling match between Tom Jenkins and Charles Wittmer took place to-night at the Southern Athletic Club. Jenkins won the toss and chose the catch-as-catch-can style, winning his bout in twenty-eight minutes and fortyfive seconds.

The second bout was at Graeco-Roman,

and it took Wittmer twenty-nine minutes and forty seconds to win at his favorite style, the men giving a fine exhibition. Jenkins won the last bout and the match.